

PRESSING NEEDS: AGEING AND DIABETES

Singapore has one of the world's most rapidly ageing populations and highest life expectancy

Whether you are 65 or 85, your health determines your quality of life.

Ageing is characterised by the emergence of geriatric syndromes including frailty, urinary incontinence, falls, delirium and pressure ulcers.

As people age, they also tend to experience several, sometimes severe, conditions at the same time.

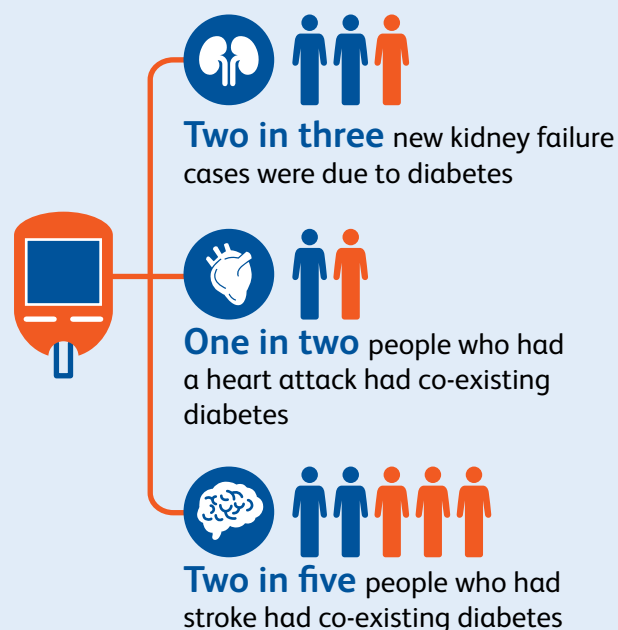
To keep pace with caring for an ageing population, we need to constantly innovate care models around designing systems and processes that integrate long-term care and optimise chronic disease management so as to enhance the quality of life for elders.



In 2016, Singapore declared a “War on Diabetes”

The number of diabetic Singapore residents is expected to grow to 1 million in 2050.

Diabetes is not fatal in the short term, but undiagnosed or poorly-controlled diabetes can lead to a host of disabilities and other serious conditions.



Source: National Registry of Diseases Office, 2014, Singapore

Complexities arising from multiple conditions associated with diabetes make treatment and management complicated and costly.

By combining clinical expertise with the latest advances in treatment, research and education, we aim to achieve the best outcomes for diabetes patients throughout the continuum of care.